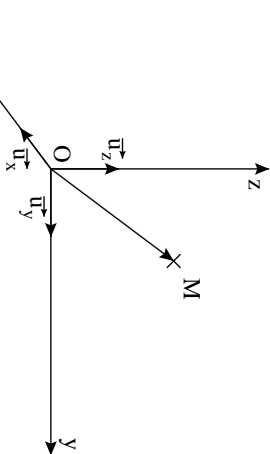


Différents systèmes de coordonnées

Coordonnées cartésiennes

$x, y, z, \vec{u}_x, \vec{u}_y, \vec{u}_z$

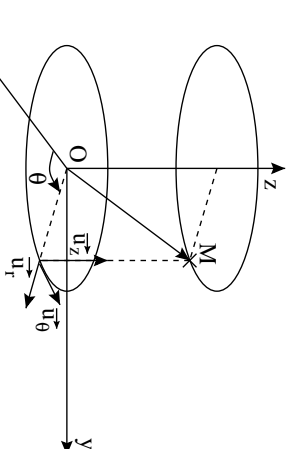


$$-\infty < x, y, z < +\infty$$

$$\overrightarrow{OM} = x\vec{u}_x + y\vec{u}_y + z\vec{u}_z$$

Coordonnées cylindriques

$r, \theta, z, \vec{u}_r, \vec{u}_\theta, \vec{u}_z$



$$0 \leq r < +\infty, 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi, -\infty < z < +\infty$$

$$\overrightarrow{OM} = r\vec{u}_r + z\vec{u}_z$$

Relations avec les coordonnées cartésiennes

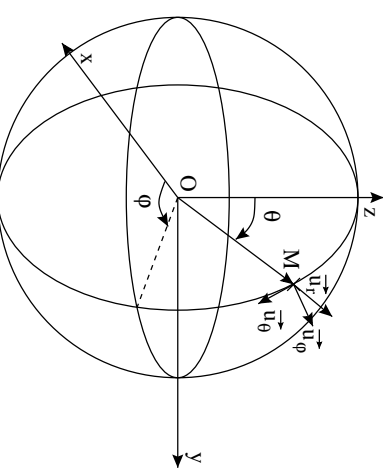
$$x = r \cos \theta$$

$$y = r \sin \theta$$

$$z = z$$

Coordonnées sphériques

$r, \theta, \varphi, \vec{u}_r, \vec{u}_\theta, \vec{u}_\varphi$



$$0 \leq r < +\infty, 0 \leq \theta \leq \pi, 0 \leq \varphi \leq 2\pi$$

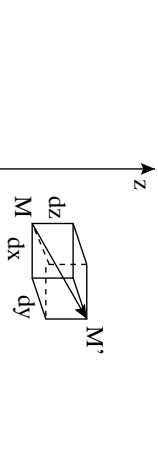
$$\overrightarrow{OM} = r\vec{u}_r$$

$$x = r \sin \theta \cos \varphi$$

$$y = r \sin \theta \sin \varphi$$

$$z = r \cos \theta$$

Déplacement élémentaire $d\vec{l} = \overrightarrow{MM'}$, longueur élémentaire, volume élémentaire, surfaces élémentaires



$$d\vec{l} = dx\vec{u}_x + dy\vec{u}_y + dz\vec{u}_z$$

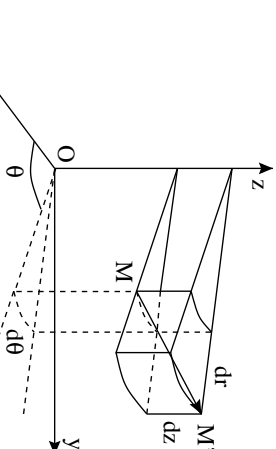
$$dl^2 = dx^2 + dy^2 + dz^2$$

$$d\tau = dxdydz$$

$$x = \text{cst} : dS_x = dydz$$

$$y = \text{cst} : dS_y = dx dz$$

$$z = \text{cst} : dS_z = dx dy$$



$$d\vec{l} = dr\vec{u}_r + r d\theta\vec{u}_\theta + dz\vec{u}_z$$

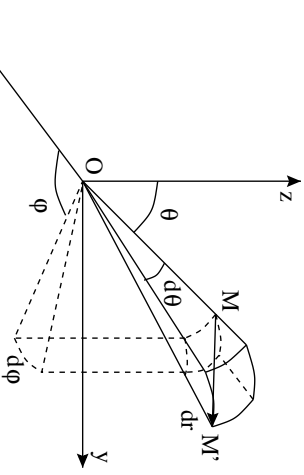
$$dl^2 = dr^2 + r^2 d\theta^2 + dz^2$$

$$d\tau = r dr d\theta dz$$

$$r = \text{cst} : dS_r = r d\theta dz$$

$$\theta = \text{cst} : dS_\theta = dr dz$$

$$z = \text{cst} : dS_z = r dr d\theta$$



$$d\vec{l} = dr\vec{u}_r + r d\theta\vec{u}_\theta + r \sin \theta d\varphi\vec{u}_\varphi$$

$$dl^2 = dr^2 + r^2 d\theta^2 + r^2 \sin^2 \theta d\varphi^2$$

$$d\tau = r^2 \sin \theta dr d\theta d\varphi$$

$$r = \text{cst} : dS_r = r^2 \sin \theta d\theta d\varphi$$

$$\theta = \text{cst} : dS_\theta = r \sin \theta r d\varphi$$

$$\varphi = \text{cst} : dS_\varphi = r dr d\theta$$